

MX.20xx - 8 bit transient recorder up to 200 MS/s

- PXI 3U / CompactPCI 3U format
- Up to 200 MS/s on one channel
- Up to 100 MS/s on two channels
- Simultaneous sampling on all channels
- 7 input ranges: ± 50 mV up to ± 5 V
- Up to 128 MSample memory
- FIFO mode for slower sampling rates
- Window and pulsewidth trigger
- Input offset up to $\pm 400\%$
- Synchronization possible
- Software SBench for Windows included
- Software SBench for Linux included



Product range overview

All boards of the MX.20xx series may use the on-board memory completely for the currently active number of channels.

Model	1 channel	2 channels	4 channels
MX.2020	50 MS/s	50 MS/s	
MX.2030	200 MS/s	100 MS/s	

Software/Drivers

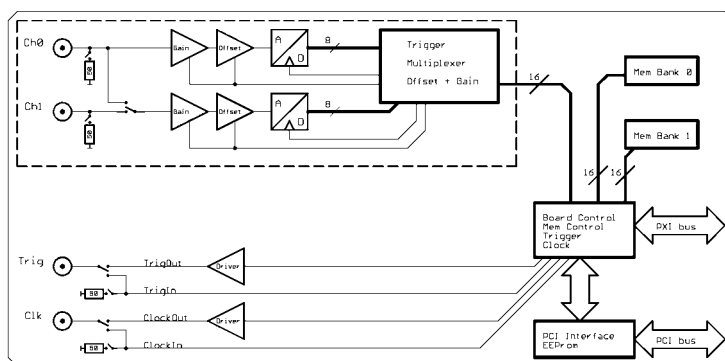
A large number of drivers and examples are delivered with the board:

- Windows NT/2000 32 bit drivers
- Windows XP/Vista/7/8/10, 32 and 64 bit driver
- Linux 32bit and 64bit drivers
- SBench 6.x Base version for Windows and Linux
- Visual C++/Borland C++ Builder examples
- Borland Delphi examples
- Microsoft Visual Basic & Excel examples
- Python examples
- LabWindows/CVI examples
- LabVIEW - drivers and examples
- MATLAB - drivers and examples
- Other 3rd party drivers (e.g. VEE,DASYLab) are partly available upon request

General Information

The two models of the MX.20xx series are designed for the fast and high quality data acquisition. Every of the up to four input channels has its own A/D converter and its own programmable input amplifier. This allows to record signals with 8 bit resolution without any phase delay between them. The inputs can be selected to one of seven input ranges by software and can be programmed to compensate an input offset of $\pm 400\%$ of the input range. The extremely large on-board memory allows long time recording even with highest sampling rates. A FIFO mode is also integrated on the board. This allows to record data continuously and to process it in the PC or to store it to hard disk.

Hardware block diagram



Software programmable parameters

sampling rate	1 kS/s to max sampling rate, external clock, ref clock, PXI clock
Input Range	± 50 mV, ± 100 mV, ± 200 mV, ± 500 mV, ± 1 V, ± 2 V, ± 5 V
Input impedance	50 Ohm / 1 MOhm
Input Offset	$\pm 400\%$ in steps of 1%
Clock mode	internal PLL, internal quartz, external, external divided, external reference clock, PXI reference clock
Clock impedance	50 Ohm / high impedance (> 4 kOhm)
Trigger impedance	50 Ohm / high impedance (> 4 kOhm)
Trigger mode	Channel, External, Software, Auto, Windows, Pulse, PXI Line[5..0], PXI Startrigger
Trigger level	1/64 to 63/64 of input range (6 bit)
Trigger edge	rising edge, falling edge or both edges
Trigger pulsewidth	1 to 255 samples in steps of 1 sample
Memory depth	64 up to installed memory in steps of 64
Posttrigger	64 up to 128 M in steps of 64
Multiple Recording segmentsize	64 up to installed memory / 2 in steps of 64

Application examples

LDA/PDA	Production test	Laboratory equipment
Radar	Spectroscopy	Test of mobile communication
Ultrasound	Medical equipment	

Possibilities and options

PXI bus

The PXI bus (PCI eXtension for instrumentation) offers a variety of additional normed possibilities for synchronising different components in one system. It is possible to connect several Spectrum cards with each other as well as to connect a Spectrum card with cards of other manufacturers.

PXI reference clock

The card is able to use the 10 MHz reference clock that is supplied by the PXI system. Enabled by software the PXI reference clock is fed in the on-board PLL. This feature allows the cards to run with a fixed phase relation.

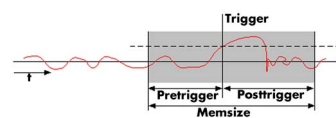
PXI trigger

The Spectrum cards support star trigger as well as the PXI trigger bus. Using a simple software command one or more trigger lines can be used as trigger source. This feature allows the easy setup of OR connected triggers from different cards.

Input impedance

All inputs could individually be switched by software between 50 Ohm and 1 MOhm input impedance. If using fast signals and high sampling rates or have 50 Ohm cable impedance the use of the 50 Ohm termination is recommended to minimise noise and signal reflections. If using weak signal sources or standard probes the use of the 1 MOhm termination is helpful.

Ring buffer mode



The ring buffer mode is the standard mode of all oscilloscope instruments. Digitized data is continuously written into a ring memory until a

trigger event is detected. After the trigger, post-trigger samples are recorded and pre-trigger samples can also be stored. The number of pre-trigger samples available simply equals the total ring memory size minus the number of post trigger samples.

FIFO mode

The FIFO mode is designed for continuous data transfer between measurement board and PC memory (up to 100 MB /s) or hard disk (up to 50 MB/s). The control of the data stream is done automatically by the driver on interrupt request.

Channel trigger

The data acquisition boards offer a wide variety of trigger modes. Besides the standard signal checking for level and edge as known from oscilloscopes it's also possible to define a window trigger. All trigger modes can be combined with the pulsewidth trigger. This makes it possible to trigger on signal errors like too long or too short pulses.

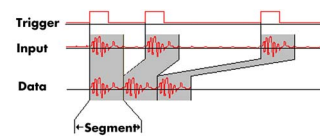
External trigger I/O

All instruments can be triggered using an external TTL signal. It's possible to use positive or negative edge also in combination with a programmable pulse width. An internally recognised trigger event can - when activated by software - be routed to the trigger connector to start external instruments.

Pulse width

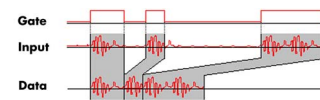
Defines the minimum or maximum width that a trigger pulse must have to generate a trigger event. Pulse width can be combined with channel trigger, pattern trigger and external trigger.

Multiple Recording



The Multiple Recording mode allows the recording of several trigger events without restarting the hardware. With this option very fast repetition rates can be achieved. The on-board memory is divided in several segments of same size. Each of them is filled with data if a trigger event occurs.

Gated Sampling

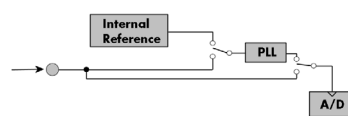


allows data recording controlled by an external gate signal. Data is only recorded if the gate signal has a programmed level.

External clock I/O

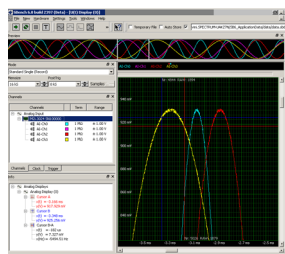
Using a dedicated connector a sampling clock can be fed in from an external system. It's also possible to output the internally used sampling clock to synchronise external equipment to this clock.

Reference clock



The option to use a precise external reference clock (typically 10 MHz) is necessary to synchronize the instrument for high-quality measurements with external equipment (like a signal source). It's also possible to enhance the stability of the sampling clock in this way. The driver automatically generates the requested sampling clock from the fed in reference clock.

SBench 6



A base license of SBench 6, the easy-to-use graphical operating software for Spectrum cards, is included in the delivery. The base license makes it possible to test the card, display acquired data and make some basic measurements. It's a valuable tool for checking the card's performance and assisting with the unit's initial setup. The cards also come with a demo license for the SBench 6 professional version. This license gives the user the opportunity to test the additional features of the professional version with their hardware. The professional version contains several advanced measurement functions, such as FFTs and X/Y display, import and export utilities as well as support for all acquisition modes including data streaming. Data streaming allows the cards to continuously acquire data and transfer it directly to the PC RAM or hard disk. SBench 6 has been optimized to handle data files of several GBytes. SBench 6 runs under Windows as well as Linux (KDE, GNOME and Unity) operating systems. A test version of SBench 6 can be downloaded directly over the internet and can run the professional version in a simulation mode without any hardware installed. Existing customers can also request a demo license for the professional version from Spectrum. More details on SBench 6 can be found in the SBench 6 data sheet.

Technical Data

Resolution	8 bit	Dimension	160 mm x 100 mm (Standard 3U)
Differential linearity error (ADC)	0.5 LSB typ.	Width (Standard)	1 slot
Integral linearity error (ADC)	0.5 LSB typ.	Analogue Connector	3 mm SMB male
Multi: Trigger to 1st sample delay	fixed	Overvoltage protection (range $\leq \pm 500$ mV)	± 5 V
Multi: Recovery (re-arm) time	< 20 samples	Overvoltage protection (range $> \pm 500$ mV)	± 50 V
Trigger accuracy 2/4 channel mode	1 Sample	Warm up time	10 minutes
Trigger accuracy 1 channel mode	2 Samples	Operating temperature	0°C to 50°C
Ext. clock: delay to internal clock	42 ns \pm 2 ns	Storage temperature	-10°C to 70°C
input signal with 50 ohm termination	max 5 V rms	Humidity	10% to 90%
Trigger output delay	1 Sample	MTBF	300000 hours
Input impedance	50 Ohm / 1 MOhm 25 pF	Power consumption 3.3 V @ full speed	max. 1.43 A (4.7 Watt)
Min internal clock	1 kS/s	Power consumption 5 V @ full speed	max. 0.88 A (4.4 Watt)
Min external clock	1 MS/s		
Trigger input: Standard TTL level	Low: -0.5 V > level < 0.8 V High: 2.0 V > level < 5.5 V Trigger pulse must be valid ≥ 2 clock periods.	Clock input: Standard TTL level	Low: -0.5 V > level < 0.8 V High: 2.0 V > level < 5.5 V Rising edge. Duty cycle: 50% \pm 5%
Trigger output	Standard TTL, capable of driving 50 Ohm. Low < 0.4 V (@ 20 mA, max 64 mA) High > 2.4 V (@ -20 mA, max -48 mA) One positive edge after the first internal trigger	Clock output	Standard TTL, capable of driving 50 Ohm Low < 0.4 V (@ 20 mA, max 64 mA) High > 2.4 V (@ -20 mA, max -48 mA)

Input range	± 50 mV	± 100 mV	± 200 mV	± 500 mV	± 1 V	± 2 V	± 5 V
Software programmable offset	± 200 mV	± 400 mV	± 800 mV	± 2 V	± 4 V	± 8 V	± 20 V
Offset error	< 1 LSB, adjustable by user						
Gain error	< 2 %	< 2 %	< 2 %	< 2 %	< 2 %	< 2 %	< 2 %
MX.2020: Noise (rms): 50 Ohm, 50 MS/s	< 1.0 LSB	< 1.0 LSB	< 1.0 LSB	< 1.0 LSB	< 1.0 LSB	< 1.0 LSB	< 1.0 LSB
MX.2030: Noise (rms): 50 Ohm, 100/200 MS/s	< 2.0 LSB	< 1.5 LSB	< 1.5 LSB	< 1.5 LSB	< 1.5 LSB	< 1.5 LSB	< 1.5 LSB
Crosstalk 5 MHz signal, ± 50 mV input, 50 Ohm	< 62 dB	< 62 dB	< 62 dB	< 62 dB	< 62 dB	< 62 dB	< 62 dB

	MX.2020	MX.2030
max internal clock	50 MS/s	200 MS/s
max external clock	50 MS/s	100 MS/s
-3 dB bandwidth ± 50 mV	> 25 MHz	> 60 MHz
-3 dB bandwidth ± 100 mV	> 25 MHz	> 80 MHz
-3 dB bandwidth $\geq \pm 200$ mV	> 25 MHz	> 90 MHz

Dynamic Parameters

	MX.2020	MX.2030
Test - Samplerate	50 MS/s	100 MS/s
Testsignal frequency	1 MHz	1 MHz
SNR (typ)	> 47.5 dB	> 45.9 dB
THD (typ)	< -52.5 dB	< -49.1 dB
SFDR (typ), incl harm.	> 57.0 dB	> 55.5 dB
SINAD (typ)	> 46.0 dB	> 44.2
ENOB (based on SINAD)	> 7.3	> 7.1

Dynamic parameters are measured at ± 1 V input range (if no other range is stated) and 50 Ohm termination with the samplerate specified in the table. Measured parameters are averaged 20 times to get typical values. Test signal is a pure sine wave of the specified frequency with > 99% amplitude. SNR and RMS noise parameters may differ depending on the quality of the used PC. SNR = Signal to Noise Ratio, THD = Total Harmonic Distortion, SFDR = Spurious Free Dynamic Range, SINAD = Signal Noise and Distortion, ENOB = Effective Number of Bits. For a detailed description please see application note 002.

Order Informations

The card is delivered with 64 MSample on-board memory and supports standard mode (Scope), FIFO mode (streaming), Multiple Recording and Gated Sampling. Operating system drivers for Windows/Linux 32 bit and 64 bit, examples for C/C++, LabVIEW (Windows), MATLAB (Windows), LabWindows/CVI, Delphi, Visual Basic, Python and a Base license of the oscilloscope software SBench 6 are included. Drivers for other 3rd party products like VEE or DASyLab may be available on request.

Adapter cables are not included. Please order separately!

Versions

Order no.	1 channel	2 channels
MX.2020	50 MS/s	50 MS/s
MX.2030	200 MS/s	100 MS/s

Memory

Order no.	Option
MX.2xxx-128M	Memory upgrade to 128 MB of total memory
MX.2xxx-up	Additional fee for later memory upgrade

Cables

for Connections	Length	Order no.				
		to BNC male	to BNC female	to SMA male	to SMA female	to SMB female
Analog/Clock/Trigger	80 cm	Cab-3f-9m-80	Cab-3f-9f-80	Cab-3f-3mA-80	Cab-3f-3fA-80	Cab-3f-3f-80
Analog/Clock/Trigger	200 cm	Cab-3f-9m-200	Cab-3f-9f-200	Cab-3f-3mA-200	Cab-3f-3fA-200	Cab-3f-3f-200
Probes (short)	5 cm		Cab-3f-9f-5			

Amplifiers

Order no.	Bandwidth	Connection	Input Impedance	Coupling	Amplification
SPA.1841 ⁽²⁾	2 GHz	SMA	50 Ohm	AC	x100 (40 dB)
SPA.1801 ⁽²⁾	2 GHz	SMA	50 Ohm	AC	x10 (20 dB)
SPA.1601 ⁽²⁾	500 MHz	BNC	50 Ohm	DC	x10 (20 dB)
SPA.1412 ⁽²⁾	200 MHz	BNC	1 MOhm	AC/DC	x10/x100 (20/40 dB)
SPA.1411 ⁽²⁾	200 MHz	BNC	50 Ohm	AC/DC	x10/x100 (20/40 dB)
SPA.1232 ⁽²⁾	10 MHz	BNC	1 MOhm	AC/DC	x100/x1000 (40/60 dB)
SPA.1231 ⁽²⁾	10 MHz	BNC	50 Ohm	AC/DC	x100/x1000 (40/60 dB)
Information	External Amplifiers with one channel, BNC/SMA female connections on input and output, manually adjustable offset, manually switchable settings. An external power supply for 100 to 240 VAC is included. Please be sure to order an adapter cable matching the amplifier connector type and matching the connector type for your A/D card input.				

Software SBench6

Order no.	
SBench6	Base version included in delivery. Supports standard mode for one card.
SBench6-Pro	Professional version for one card: FIFO mode, export/import, calculation functions
SBench6-Multi	Option multiple cards: Needs SBench6-Pro. Handles multiple synchronized cards in one system.
Volume Licenses	Please ask Spectrum for details.

⁽¹⁾ : Just one of the options can be installed on a card at a time.

⁽²⁾ : Third party product with warranty differing from our export conditions. No volume rebate possible.

Technical changes and printing errors possible

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